The United States Senate

Report of Proceedings

Hearing held before

Committee on the Judiciary

H.R. 2516

PROPOSED CIVIL RIGHTS BILL ACT OF 1967

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Wednesday October 25, 1967

Washington, D. C.

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The Chairman. What is it, a private bill?

Senator Bayh. Yes, it is a private immigration bill.

The Chairman. Is there any objection?

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Senator Bayh. Would it be possible to get the approval of the full committee on this pending the approval of the subcommittee?

The Chairman. Is there objection?

The Chair hears none.

Senator Tydings. Mr. Chairman, while we are waiting, would it be in order to bring up the bill which Senator Thurmond asked to hold over for a week, the Judicial Center bill, H.R. 6111, which was unanimously reported out by the subcommittee? That is the Federal Judicial Center bill.

Senator Thurmond. I did not know you were going to call it up this morning.

Senator Tydings. This was the bill, Mr. Chairman, which was recommended by the President in his Message on Crime, on which we held hearings from May to September. It was reported unanimously by the subcommittee. It is endorsed by the Judicial Conference, the Federal Bar. There is no opposition to it.

Basically it establishes a research and development center within the judicial branch of the government, one which will work further in the development of and in the adoption of improved administration in the Federal court system.

The functions of the center would be research into administive problems of Federal courts, development of recommended

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solutions as to the type of research and development. It would formulate recommendations for the modernization and improvement of judicial functions, and the presentation of them to the Judicial Conference for their implementation.

It would create and conduct training and continuing education programs for the Federal judiciary much as some of the foundations have done for the State judiciary. The Fleischmann Foundation, Kellogg Foundation now have this National College of Trial Judges which meets every summmer and which has done great things with respect to the State judiciary, and we hope to have the same type of training and education programs for Federal judicial personages, both judges and supporting personnel.

It was reported out by the House some time ago. We have held hearings, and it is a measure which I think will put the courts in a position to really improve their administration.

They need it.

The Chairman. What about your salary schedules in the bill now?

Senator McClellan. May I ask a question? Senator Tydings. Yes.

Senator McClellan. What will they do that the courts cannot do themselves? Can't they get -- they get a good salary, and half of them loaf -- why can't they get out and do something? They are just simply creating more and more things here to be financed.

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Senator Tydings. John, there is no structure, there is no facility, to do research or to improve techniques or improve administration in the judicial system. There is no provision for any type of research or any type of study.

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Senator McClellan. What does this Judicial Council do?
We created it.

Senator Tydings. They adopt rules, John. They meet twice a year, they leave the Bench--

Senator McClellan. Are we going to set up this to tell them what kind of rules they ought to adopt?

Senator Tydings. The purpose of this will be to get some people to actually do studies and do some of the research, and come up with -- for instance, John, in some of the State courts now as a result of studies and grants they have gone on with where they have large dockets, they have gone on computer systems of administration, and they have been able to save a great deal of time and a great deal of money and reduce dockets. But no one has been able to conduct any type of study such as that in the Federal system.

you cannot expect a judge himself to take -- who is the chief judge, and these are the members of the Judicial Conference, who have to run their own courts, to try cases and, at the same time, studying and making research and development in administration.

This will merely provide some staff and basic research and

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development, a field which needs it very badly.

Senator McClellan. What is the annual cost?

Senator Tydings. The authorization in the bill is--

The Chairman. Joe, the point has been raised that this is an exclusive session.

Senator McClellan. Who raised it? I did not raise it.

The Chairman. I know you did not.

Senator Dirksen. I did. It was in the motion.

Senator McClellan. I was trying to get my bearings.

Here is my thought: We are up here in a terrible bind now about the economy. Gentlemen, there is not but one way on earth to stop it, and that is to stop creating obligations. That is the only way you are ever going to stop it. I am not against this necessarily, but I have come to a point here where we are in an awful bind about whether to increase taxes and how to cut appropriations, expenses, and that, it seems to me, a court ought to -- a man who can serve as a judge ought to -- have sense enough to know how to administer his court.

I just cannot conceive -- they do not have to go out and hire experts and to recommend to them how to organize their courts and get their business attended to.

Senator Tydings. John, one of the things we have determined in the past two or three years is some of our courts are being run the same way now as they were run 200 years ago, and the costs are far greater than if they would be operating efficiently.

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Senator McClellan. That is the fault of us in appointing judges who do not know how to straighten things out instead of creating a commission to tell them how to run a court.

Senator Tydings. This would be a research--

The Chairman. Joe, the point has been raised that this is an exclusive session.

Senator Ervin is recognized.

Before Senator Ervin speaks, I will insert in the record a statement about the purpose of this meeting.

(The statement referred to follows:)