## Calendar No. 768

101st CONGRESS 2D Session S. 2648

[Report No. 101-416]

To amend title 28, United States Code, to provide for civil justice expense and delay reduction plans, authorize additional judicial positions for the courts of appeals and district courts of the United States, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 17 (legislative day, APRIL 18), 1990

Mr. Biden (for himself and Mr. Thurmond) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

AUGUST 3 (legislative day, JULY 10), 1990
Reported by Mr. BIDEN, with an amendment
[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

## A BILL

To amend title 28, United States Code, to provide for civil justice expense and delay reduction plans, authorize additional judicial positions for the courts of appeals and district courts of the United States, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That this Act may be cited as the "Judicial Improvements
- 4 Act of 1990".

## 1 TITLE I—CIVIL JUSTICE EXPENSE

### 2 AND DELAY REDUCTION PLANS

- 3 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This title may be cited as the "Civil Justice Reform Act
- 5 of 1990".

- 6 SEC. 102. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds that:
  - (1) The problems of cost and delay in civil litigation in any United States district court must be addressed in the context of the full range of demands made on the district court's resources by both civil and criminal matters.
    - (2) The court, the litigants, and the litigants' attorneys share responsibility for cost and delay in civil litigation and its impact on access to the courts and the ability of the civil justice system to provide proper and timely judicial relief for aggrieved parties.
    - (3) The solutions to problems of cost and delay must include significant contributions by the court, the litigants, and the litigants' attorneys.
    - (4) In identifying, developing, and implementing solutions to problems of cost and delay in civil litigation, it is necessary to achieve a method of consultation so that individual judicial officers, litigants, and litigants' attorneys who have developed techniques for

1	litigation management and cost and delay reduction
2	ean effectively and promptly communicate those tech-
3	niques to all participants in the civil justice system.
4	(5) Evidence suggests that an effective litigation
5	management and cost and delay reduction program
6	should incorporate several interrelated principles,
7	including —
8	(A) the differential treatment of eases that
9	provides for individualized and specific manage-
10	ment according to their needs and probable litiga-
11	tion careers;
12	(B) early involvement of a judicial officer in
13	planning the progress of a case, controlling the
14	discovery process, and scheduling litigation
15	events;
16	(C) regular communication between a judicial
17	officer and attorneys during the pretrial process;
18.	<del>and</del>
19	(D) utilization of alternative dispute resolu-
20	tion programs in appropriate cases.
21	(6) Because the increasing volume and complexity
22	of civil and criminal cases imposes increasingly heavy
23	workload burdens on judicial officers, clerks of court,
24	and other court personnel, it is necessary to create an
25	effective administrative structure to ensure engoing

1	consultation and communication regarding offective liti
2	gation management and cost and delay reduction prin
3	ciples and techniques.
4	SEC. 102. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 28, UNITED STATES CODE.
5	(a) CIVIL JUSTICE EXPENSE AND DELAY REDUCTION
6	PLANS. Title 28, United States Code, is amended by in
7	serting after chapter 21 the following new chapter:
8	"CHAPTER 23—CIVIL JUSTICE EXPENSE
9	AND DELAY REDUCTION PLANS
10	"See.  "471. Requirement for a district court civil justice expense and delay reduction plan.  "472. Development and implementation of a civil justice expense and delay reduction plan.  "473. Content of civil justice expense and delay reduction plans.  "474. Review of district court assessment.  "475. Periodic district court assessment.  "476. Model civil justice expense and delay reduction plan.  "477. Advisory groups.  "478. Information on litigation management and cost and delay reduction.  "479. Training programs.  "480. Automated case disposition information.  "481. Definitions.
11	"§ 471. Requirement for a district court civil justice ex
	pense and delay reduction plan
12	"There shall be implemented by each United States dis
13	trict court, in accordance with this title, a civil justice ex
14	pense and delay reduction plan. The plan may be a plan de
15	veloped by such district court or a model plan developed by
16	the Judicial Conference of the United States. The purposes
17	of each plan are to facilitate deliberate adjudication of civi

18 cases on the merits, monitor discovery, improve litigation

1	management, and ensure just, speedy, and mexpensive rese-
2	lutions of civil disputes.
3	"§ 472. Development and implementation of a civil justice
4	expense and delay reduction plan
5	"(a) The civil justice expense and delay reduction plan
6	implemented by a district court shall be developed or select-
7	ed, as the ease may be, after consideration of the recommen-
8	dations of an advisory group appointed in accordance with
9	section 477 of this title.
10	"(b) The advisory group of a United States district court
11	shall submit to the court a report, which shall be made avail-
12	able to the public and which shall include—
13	"(1) an assessment of the matters referred to in
14	subsection (e)(1);
15	"(2) the basis for its recommendation that the dis-
16	trict court develop a plan or select a model plan;
17	"(8) recommended measures, rules and programs;
18	and
19	"(4) an explanation of the manner in which the
20	recommended plan complies with section 473 of this
21	title.
22	"(e)(1) In developing its recommendations, the advisory
23	group of a district court shall promptly complete a thorough
24	assessment of the state of the court's civil and criminal dock-

Ţ	ets. in performing the assessment for a district court, the
2	advisory group shall—
3	"(A) determine the condition of the civil and
4	eriminal dockets;
5	"(B) identify trends in case filings and in the de-
6	mands being placed on the court's resources; and
7	"(C) identify the principal causes of cost and
8	delay in civil litigation, giving consideration to such po-
9	tential causes as court procedures and the ways in
10	which litigants and their attorneys approach and con-
11	duct litigation.
12	"(2) In developing its recommendations, the advisory
13	group of a district court shall take into account the particular
14	needs and circumstances of the district court, litigants in such
15	court, and the litigants' attorneys.
16	"(3) The advisory group of a district court shall ensure
17	that its recommended actions include significant contributions
18	to be made by the court, the litigants and the litigants' attor-
19	neys toward reducing cost and delay and thereby facilitating
20	access to the courts.
21	"(d) The chief judge of the district court shall transmit a
22	copy of the plan implemented in accordance with subsection
23	(a) and the report prepared in accordance with subsection (b)
94	of this section to

1	-(1) the Director of the Administrative Office of
2	the United States Courts;
3	"(2) the judicial council of the circuit in which the
4	district court is located; and
5	"(2) the chief judge of each of the other United
6	States district courts located in such circuit.
7	48 473. Content of civil justice expense and delay reduc-
8	tion plans
9	"(a) A civil justice expense and delay reduction plan
10	developed and implemented under this chapter shall include
11	provisions applying the following principles and guidelines of
12	litigation management and cost and delay reduction:
13	"(1) systematic, differential treatment of civil
14	eases that tailors the level of individualized and ease
15	specific management to such criteria as case complex-
16	ity, the amount of time reasonably needed to prepare
17	the ease for trial, and the judicial and other resources
18	required for the preparation and disposition of the ease;
19	"(2) early and ongoing control of the pretrial
20	process through involvement of a judicial officer in-
21	"(A) assessing and planning the progress of a
22	<del>case;</del>
23	"(B) setting early, firm trial dates, such that
24	the trial is scheduled to occur within eighteen
25	months of the filing of the complaint, unless a ju-

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1.	dicial officer certifies that the trial cannot reason-
2	ably be held within such time because of the com-
3	plexity of the case or the number or complexity of
4	pending criminal cases;
5	"(C) controlling the extent of discovery and
6	the time for completion of discovery, and ensuring
7	compliance with requested discovery in a timely
8	fashion; and
9	"(D) setting deadlines for the filing of mo-
10	tions and target dates for the deciding of motions;
11	"(3) for all eases that the court or an individual
12	judicial officer determines are complex and any other
13	appropriate eases, eareful and deliberate monitoring
14	through a discovery-case management conference or a
15	series of such conferences at which the presiding judi-
<b>16</b> ,	eial officer—
17	"(A) explores the parties' receptivity to, and
18	the propriety of, settlement or proceeding with
19	the litigation;
20	"(B) identifies or formulates the principal
21	issues in contention and, in appropriate cases,
22	provides for the staged resolution or bifurcation of
23	issues for trial consistent with Rule 42(b) of the
24	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;

1	—(C) prepares a discovery senedule and plan
2	consistent with any presumptive time limits that a
3	district court may set for the completion of dis-
4	covery and with any procedures a district court
5	may develop to—
6	"(i) identify and limit the volume of dis-
7	covery available to avoid unnecessary or
8	unduly burdensome or expensive discovery;
9	and
10	"(ii) phase discovery into two or more
11	<del>stages; and</del>
12	"(D) establishes deadlines for filing motions
13	and target dates for deciding motions;
14	"(4) encouragement of cost-effective discovery
15	through voluntary exchange of information among liti-
16	gants and their attorneys and through the use of coop-
17	erative discovery devices;
18	"(5) conservation of judicial resources by prohibit-
19	ing the consideration of discovery motions unless ac-
20	companied by a statement that the moving party has
21	made a reasonable and good faith effort to reach agree-
22	ment with opposing counsel on the matters set forth in
23	the motion;
24	"(6) authorization to refer appropriate cases to al-
25	ternative dispute resolution programs that

1	"(A) have been designated for use in a dis-
2	trict court; or
3	"(B) the court may make available, including
4	mediation, minitrial, and summary jury trial; and
5	. "(7) enhancement of the accountability of each ju-
6	dicial officer in a district court through semiannual re-
7	ports, available to the public, that disclose for each ju-
8	dicial officer the number of motions that have been
9	pending for more than six months, the number of bench
0	trials that have been submitted for more than six
1	months, and the number of cases that have not been
12	terminated within three years of filing.
13	"(b) In formulating the provisions of its civil justice ex-
<b>4</b>	pense and delay reduction plan, each United States district
15	court, in consultation with an advisory group appointed under
16	section 477 of this title, shall consider adopting the following
17	litigation management and cost and delay reduction
18	techniques:
19	"(1) a requirement that counsel for each party to
90	a case jointly present a discovery-case management
21	plan for the case at the initial pretrial conference, or
<b>22</b> .	explain the reasons for their failure to do so;
23	"(2) a requirement that each party be represented
24	at each pretrial conference by an attorney who has the
25	authority to bind that party regarding all matters pre-

1	viously identified by the court for discussion at the con-
2	ference and all reasonably related matters;
3	"(3) a requirement that all requests for extensions
4	of deadlines for completion of discovery or for post-
5	ponement of the trial be signed by the attorney and the
6	party making the request;
7	"(4) a neutral evaluation program for the presen-
8	tation of the legal and factual bases of a case to a nou-
9	tral court representative at a nonbinding conference
10	conducted carly in the litigation;
11	"(5) a requirement that, upon notice by the court
12	representatives of the parties with authority to bind
13	them in settlement discussions be present or available
14	by telephone during any settlement conference; and
15	"(6) such other features as the district court con-
16	siders appropriate after considering the recommenda-
17	tions of the advisory group referred to in section 472(a)
18	of this title.
19	"§ 474. Review of district court action
20	"(a)(1) The chief judge of a circuit court and the
21	chief judges of each district court in a circuit shall, as a
22	<del>committee</del>
23	"(A) review each plan and report submitted pur-
24	sugart to section 479(d) of this title: and

1	"(B) make such suggestions for additional actions
2	or modified actions of that district court as the commit-
3	tee considers appropriate for reducing cost and delay in
4	eivil litigation in the district court.
5	"(2) The chief judge of a circuit court and the chief
6	judge of a district court may designate another judge of such
7	court to perform the chief judge's responsibilities under para-
8	graph (1) of this subsection.
9	"(b) The Judicial Conference of the United States—
10	"(1) shall review each plan and report submitted
11	by a district court pursuant to section 472(d) of this
12	title; and
13	"(2) may request the district court to take addi-
14	tional action if the Judicial Conference determines that
15	such court has not adequately responded to the condi-
16	tions relevant to the civil and criminal dockets of the
17	court or to the recommendations of the district court's
18	advisory group.
19	<del>"§ 475. Periodic district court assessment</del>
20	"After developing or selecting a civil justice expense
21	and delay reduction plan, each United States district court
22	shall assess, at least once every two years, the condition of
23	the court's civil and criminal dockets with a view to deter-
24	mining appropriate additional actions that may be taken by
25	the court to reduce cost and delay in civil litigation and to

- 1 improve the litigation management practices of the court. In
- 2 performing such assessment, the court shall consult with an
- 3 advisory group appointed in accordance with section 477 of
- 4 this title.
- 5 "8 476. Model civil justice expense and delay reduction
- 6 plan
- 7 "(a)(1) Based on the plans developed and implemented
- 8 by the United States district courts designated as Early Im-
- 9 plementation District Courts pursuant to section 103(e) of the
- 10 Civil Justice Reform Act of 1990, the Judicial Conference of
- 11 the United States may develop one or more model civil jus-
- 12 tice and expense delay reduction plans. Any such model plan
- 13 shall be accompanied by a report explaining the manner in
- 14 which the plan complies with section 473 of this title.
- 15 "(2) The Director of the Federal Judicial Center and
- 16 the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States
- 17 Courts may make recommendations to the Judicial Confer-
- 18 ence regarding the development of any model civil justice
- 19 expense and delay reduction plan.
- 20 "(b) The Director of the Administrative Office of the
- 21 United States Courts shall transmit to the United States dis-
- 22 triet courts and to the Committees on the Judiciary of the
- 23 Senate and the House of Representatives copies of any model
- 24 plan and accompanying report.

	1	<b>"</b> \$	477	Advisory	eroups
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- 2 "(a) Within ninety days after the date of enactment of
- 3 this chapter, the advisory group required in each United
- 4 States district court in accordance with section 472 of this
- 5 title shall be appointed by the chief judge of each district
- 6 court, after consultation with the other judges of such court.
- 7 "(b) The advisory group of a district court shall be bal-
- 8 anced and include attorneys and other persons who are rep-
- 9 resentative of major categories of litigants in such court, as
- 10 determined by the chief judge of such court.
- 11 "(e) In no event shall any member of the advisory group
- 12 serve longer than four years.
- 13 "(d) The chief judge of a United States district court
- 14 shall designate a reporter for each advisory group, who may
- 15 be compensated in accordance with guidelines established by
- 16 the Judicial Conference of the United States.
- 17 "§ 478. Information on litigation management and cost
- 18 and delay reduction
- 19 "(a) Within four years after the date of the enactment of
- 20 this chapter, the Judicial Conference of the United States
- 21 Courts shall prepare a comprehensive report on all plans re-
- 22 ceived pursuant to section 472(d) of this title. The Director of
- 23 the Federal Judicial Center and the Director of the Adminis-
- 24 trative Office of the United States Courts may make recom-
- 25 mendations regarding such report.

Ţ	-(9) The Judicial Conference of the United States shart,
2	on a continuing basis—
3	"(1) study ways to improve litigation management
4	and dispute resolution services in the district courts;
5	and
6	"(2) make recommendations to the district courts
7	on ways to improve such services.
8	"(e)(1) The Judicial Conference of the United States
9	shall prepare, periodically revise, and transmit to the United
10	States district courts a Manual for Litigation Management
11	and Cost and Delay Reduction. The Director of the Federal
12	Judicial Center and the Director of the Administrative Office
13	of the United States Courts may make recommendations re-
14	garding the preparation of and any subsequent revisions to
15	the Manual.
16	"(2) The Manual shall be developed after eareful evalua-
17	tion of the plans implemented under section 472 of this title
18	and the litigation management and cost and delay reduction
19	demonstration programs that the Judicial Conference shall
20	conduct under this title.
21	"(3) The Manual shall contain a description and analysis
22	of the litigation management, cost and delay reduction princi-
23	ples and techniques, and alternative dispute resolution pro-
<b>24</b>	grams considered most effective by the Judicial Conference,

1	the Director of the Federal Judicial Center, and the Director
2	of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.
3	<del>"8 479. Training programs</del>
4	"The Director of the Federal Judicial Center and the
5	Director of the Administrative Office of the United States
6	Courts shall develop and conduct comprehensive education
7	and training programs to ensure that all judicial officers,
8	elerks of court, courtroom deputies, and other appropriate
9	court personnel are thoroughly familiar with the most recent
10	available information and analyses about litigation manage-
11	ment and other techniques for reducing cost and expediting
12	the resolution of civil litigation. The curriculum of such train-
13	ing programs shall be periodically revised to reflect such in-
14	formation and analyses.
15	"§ 480. Automated case disposition information
16	"(a) The Director of the Administrative Office of the
17	United States Courts shall ensure that each United States
18	district court has the automated capability readily to retrieve
19	information about the status of each case in such court.
20	"(b)(1) In carrying out subsection (a), the Director shall
21	<del>prescribe</del>
22	"(A) the information to be recorded in district
23	court automated systems; and
24	"(B) standards for uniform categorization or char-
25	acterization of judicial actions for the purpose of re-

	17
1	cording information on judicial actions in the district
2	court automated systems.
3	"(2) The uniform standards prescribed under paragraph
4	(1)(B) of this subsection shall include a definition of what con-
5	stitutes a dismissal of a case and standards for measuring the
6	period for which a motion has been pending.
7	"(e) Each United States district court shall record infor-
8	mation as prescribed pursuant to subsection (b) of this
9	section.
0	<del>"§</del> 481. Definitions

- "As used in this chapter the term 'judicial officer' means 11
- a United States district court judge or a United States
- 13 magistrate.".
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION. (1) Within three years after 14
- the date of the enactment of this title, each United States
- district court shall implement a civil justice expense and
- delay reduction plan under section 471 of title 28, United
- States Code, as added by subsection (a).
- 19 (2) The requirements set forth in sections 471 through
- 477 of title 28, United States Code, as added by subsection
- (a), shall remain in effect for seven years after the date of the
- enactment of this title. 22
- 23(e) EARLY IMPLEMENTATION DISTRICT COURTS.
- (1) Any United States district court that, no earli-24
- er than six months and no later than twelve months 25

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after the date of the enactment of this title, develops and implements a civil justice expense and delay reduction plan under chapter 23 of title 28, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall be designated by the Judicial Conference of the United States as an Early Implementation District Court.

(2) The chief judge of a district so designated may apply to the Judicial Conference for additional resources, including technological and personnel support and information systems, necessary to implement its civil justice expense and delay reduction plan. The Judicial Conference may, in its discretion, provide such resources out of funds appropriated pursuant to section 105(a).

- (3) Within eighteen months after the date of the enactment of this title, the Judicial Conference shall prepare a report on the plans developed and implemented by the Early Implementation District Courts.
- (4) The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall transmit to the United States district courts and to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and House of Representatives—

23 (A) copies of the plans developed and imple24 mented by the Early Implementation District

25 Courts;

1	(B) the reports submitted by such districts
2	pursuant to section 472(d) of title 28, United
3	States Code, as added by subsection (a); and
4	(C) the report prepared in accordance with
5	paragraph (3) of this subsection.
6	(d) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The
7	table of chapters for part I of title 28, United States Code, is
8	amended by adding at the end thereof:
	"22. Civil justice expense and delay reduction plans
9	SEC. 104. DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.
10	(a) In General. (1) During the four-year period be-
11	ginning on January 1, 1991, the Judicial Conference of the
12	United States shall conduct a demonstration program in ac-
13	cordance with subsection (b).
14	(2) A district court participating in the demonstration
15	program may also be an Early Implementation District Court
16	under section 103(e).
17	(b) PROGRAM REQUIREMENT. (1) The United States
18	District Court for the Western District of Michigan and the
19	United States District Court for the Northern District of
20	Ohio shall experiment with systems of differentiated case
21	management that provide specifically for the assignment of
22	eases to appropriate processing tracks that operate under dis-
23	tinet and explicit rules, procedures and timeframes for the
24	completion of discovery and for trial.

- 1 (2) The United States District Court for the Northern
- 2 District of California, the United States District Court for the
- 3 Northern District of West Virginia, and the United States
- 4 District Court for the Western District of Missouri shall ex-
- 5 periment with various methods of reducing cost and delay in
- 6 civil litigation; including alternative dispute resolution, that
- 7 such district courts and the Judicial Conference of the United
- 8 States shall select.
- 9 (e) STUDY OF RESULTS.—The Judicial Conference of
- 10 the United States, in consultation with the Director of the
- 11 Federal Judicial Center and the Director of the Administra-
- 12 tive Office of the United States Courts, shall study the expe-
- 13 rience of the district courts under the demonstration program.
- 14 (d) REPORT.—Not later than March 31, 1995, the Judi-
- 15 cial Conference of the United States shall transmit to the
- 16 Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of
- 17 Representatives a report of the results of the demonstration
- 18 program.
- 19 SEC. 105. AUTHORIZATION.
- 20 (a) EARLY IMPLEMENTATION DISTRICT COURTS.
- 21 There is authorized to be appropriated not more than
- 22 \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 1990 to earry out the resource
- 23 and planning needs necessary for the implementation of
- 24 section 103(c).

1	(b) IMPLEMENTATION OF CHAPTER 23.—There is au-
2	thorized to be appropriated not more than \$5,000,000 for
3	fiscal year 1990 to implement chapter 23 of title 28, United
4	States Code.
5	(e) DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM. There is authorized
6	to be appropriated not more than \$5,000,000 for fiscal year
7	1990 to carry out the provisions of section 104.
8	TITLE II—FEDERAL JUDGESHIPS
9	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
10	This title may be cited as the "Federal Judgeship Act of
11	<del>1990''.</del>
12	SEC. 202. CIRCUIT JUDGES FOR THE CIRCUIT COURT OF
13	APPEALS.
14	(a) In General. The President shall appoint, by and
15	with the advice and consent of the Senate—
16	(1) 2 additional circuit judges for the third circuit
17	court of appeals;
18	(2) 4 additional circuit judges for the fourth circuit
19	court of appeals;
20	(8) 1 additional circuit judge for the fifth circuit
21	court of appeals;
22	(4) 1 additional circuit judge for the sixth circuit
23	court of appeals;
24	(5) 1 additional circuit judge for the eighth circuit
25	court of appeals; and

1	(6) 2 additional circuit judges for the tenth circuit
2	court of appeals.
3	(b) TABLES. In order that the table contained in sec-
4	tion 44(a) of title 28, United States Code, will, with respect
5	to each judicial circuit, reflect the changes in the total
6	number of permanent circuit judgeships authorized as a result
7	of subsection (a) of this section, such table is amended to read
8	as follows:
	District of Columbia       12         First       6         Second       13         Third       14         Fourth       15         Fifth       17         Sixth       16         Seventh       11         Eighth       11         Ninth       28         Tenth       12         Eleventh       12         Federal       12."
9	SEC. 202. DISTRICT JUDGES FOR THE DISTRICT COURTS.
10	(a) IN GENERAL. The President shall appoint, by and
11	with the advice and consent of the Senate—
12	(1) 1 additional district judge for the western dis-
13	trict of Arkansas;
14	(2) 2 additional district judges for the northern
15	district of California;
16	(8) 5 additional district judges for the central
17	district of California;
	,
18	(4) 1 additional district judge for the southern
19	district of California;

1	(5) 2 additional district judges for the district of
2	Connecticut;
3	(6) 2 additional district judges for the middle
4	district of Florida;
5	(7) 1 additional district judge for the northern dis-
6	triet of Florida;
7	(8) 1 additional district judge for the southern
8	district of Florida;
9	(9) 1 additional district judge for the middle dis-
10	triet of Georgia;
11	(10) 1 additional district judge for the northern
12	district of Illinois;
13	(11) 1 additional district judge for the southern
14	district of Iowa;
15	(12) 1 additional district judge for the western dis-
16	trict of Louisiana;
17	(18) 1 additional district judge for the district of
18	Maine;
19	(14) 1 additional district judge for the district of
20	Massachusetts;
21	(15) 1 additional district judge for the southern
22	district of Mississippi;
23	(16) 1 additional district judge for the eastern dis-
24	triet of Missourie

1	(17) 1 additional district judge for the district of
2	New Hampshire;
3	(18) 3 additional district judges for the district of
4	New Jersey;
5	(19) 1 additional district judge for the district of
6	New Mexico;
7	(20) 1 additional district judge for the southern
8	district of New York;
9	(21) 1 additional district judge for the eastern dis-
10	trict of New York;
11	(22) 1 additional district judge for the middle dis-
12	trict of North Carolina;
13.	(23) 1 additional district judge for the northern
14	district of Oklahoma;
15	(24) 1 additional district judge for the western dis-
16	trict of Oklahoma;
17	(25) 1 additional district judge for the district of
18	Oregon;
19	(26) 3 additional district judges for the eastern
20	district of Pennsylvania;
21	(27) 1 additional district judge for the middle dis-
22	trict of Pennsylvania;
23	(28) 1 additional district judge for the district of
24	South Carolina;

1	(29) 1 additional district judge for the eastern dis-
2	trict of Tennessee;
3	(30) 1 additional district judge for the western dis-
4	trict of Tennessee;
5	(31) 1 additional district judge for the northern
6	district of Texas;
7	(32) 3 additional district judges for the southern
8	district of Texas;
9	(33) 1 additional district judge for the western dis-
10	trict of Texas;
11	(34) 1 additional district judge for the district of
12	<del>Utah;</del>
13	(35) 1 additional district judge for the eastern dis-
14	trict of Washington;
15	(36) 1 additional district judge for the northern
16	district of West Virginia;
17	(37) 1 additional district judge for the southern
18	district of West Virginia; and
19	(38) 1 additional district judge for the district of
20	Wyoming.
21	(b) Existing Judgeships. (1) The existing district
22	judgeships for the western district of Arkansas, the northern
23	district of Illinois, the northern district of Indiana, the district
24	of Massachusetts, the western district of New York, the east-
25	ern district of North Carolina, the northern district of Ohio-

- 1 and the western district of Washington authorized by section
- 2 202(b) of the Bankruptey Amendments and Federal Judge-
- 3 ship Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-353, 98 Stat. 347-348)
- 4 shall, as of the effective date of this title, be authorized under
- 5 section 133 of title 28, United States Code, and the incum-
- 6 bents in those offices shall hold the office under section 133
- 7 of title 28, United States Code, as amended by this title.
- 8 (2)(A) The existing two district judgeships for the east-
- 9 ern and western districts of Arkansas (provided by section
- 10 133 of title 28, United States Code, as in effect on the day
- 11 before the effective date of this title) shall be district judge-
- 12 ships for the eastern district of Arkansas only, and the in-
- 13 cumbents of such judgeships shall hold the offices under sec-
- 14 tion 133 of title 28, United States Code, as amended by this
- 15 title.
- 16 (B) The existing district judgeship for the northern and
- 17 southern districts of Iowa (provided by section 133 of title
- 18 28, United States Code, as in effect on the day before the
- 19 effective date of this title) shall be a district judgeship for the
- 20 northern district of Iowa only, and the incumbent of such
- 21 judgeship shall hold the office under section 133 of title 28,
- 22 United States Code, as amended by this title.
- 23 (C) The existing district judgeship for the northern,
- 24 castern, and western districts of Oklahoma (provided by sec-
- 25 tion 133 of title 28, United States Code, as in effect on the

1	day before the effective date of this title) and the occupant of
2	which has his official duty station at Oklahoma City on the
3	date of enactment of this title, shall be a district judgeship for
4	the western district of Oklahoma only, and the incumbent of
5	such judgeship shall hold the office under section 133 of title
6	28, United States Code, as amended by this title.
7	(e) TEMPORARY JUDGESHIPS.—The President shall ap-
8	point, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate—
9	(1) 1 additional district judge for the northern dis-
10	trict of Alabama;
11	(2) 1 additional district judge for the eastern dis-
12	trict of California;
13	(3) 1 additional district judge for the district of
14	Hawaii;
15	(4) 1 additional district judge for the central dis-
16	trict of Illinois;
17	(5) 1 additional district judge for the southern dis-
18	trict of Illinois;
19	(6) 1 additional district judge for the district of
20	Kansas;
21	(7) 1 additional district judge for the western dis-
22	trict of Michigan;
23	(8) 1 additional district judge for the eastern dis-
94	triat of Miccourie

1	(9) 1 additional district judge for the district of
2	Nebraska;
3	(10) 1 additional district judge for the northern
4	district of New York;
5	(11) 1 additional district judge for the northern
6	district of Ohio;
7	(12) 1 additional district judge for the eastern dis-
8	trict of Pennsylvania;
9	(13) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
10	district of Texas; and
11	(14) 1 additional district judge for the eastern dis-
12	trict of Virginia.
13	The first vacancy in the office of district judge in each of the
14	judicial districts named in this subsection, occurring five
15	years or more after the effective date of this title, shall not be
16	filled.
17	(d) TABLES. In order that the table contained in sec-
18	tion 133 of title 28, United States Code, will, with respect to
19	each judicial district, reflect the changes in the total number
20	of permanent district judgeships authorized as a result of sub-
21	sections (a) and (b) of this section, such table is amended to
22	read as follows:
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SEC. 204. VIRGIN ISLANDS.
(a) In General. The President shall appoint, by and
with the advice and consent of the Senate, one additional
judge for the District Court of the Virgin Islands, who shall
held office for a term of 10 years and until a successor is
chosen and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President
for eause.
(b) AMENDMENT TO ORGANIC ACT. In order to reflect
the change in the total number of permanent judgeships au-
thorized as a result of subsection (a) of this section, section
24(a) of the Revised Organic Act of the Virgin Islands (68
Stat. 506; 48 U.S.C. 1614(a)) is amended by striking "two"
and inserting "three".
SEC. 205. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as
may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title,
including such sums as may be necessary to provide appropri-
ate space and facilities for the judicial positions ereated by
this title.
SEC. 206. EFFECTIVE DATE.
This title shall take effect on the date of enactment of
this title.
That this Act may be cited as the "Judicial Improvements

24 Act of 1990".

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# 1 TITLE I—CIVIL JUSTICE EXPENSE 2 AND DELAY REDUCTION PLANS

- 3 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This title may be cited as the "Civil Justice Reform Act 5 of 1990".
- 6 SEC. 102. FINDINGS.

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- 7 The Congress finds that:
- 8 (1) The problems of cost and delay in civil litiga9 tion in any United States district court must be ad10 dressed in the context of the full range of demands
  11 made on the district court's resources by both civil and
  12 criminal matters.
  - (2) The courts, the litigants, the litigants' attorneys, and the Congress and the executive branch, share responsibility for cost and delay in civil litigation and its impact on access to the courts, adjudication of cases on the merits, and the ability of the civil justice system to provide proper and timely judicial relief for aggrieved parties.
  - (3) The solutions to problems of cost and delay must include significant contributions by the courts, the litigants, the litigants' attorneys, and by the Congress and the executive branch.
  - (4) In identifying, developing, and implementing solutions to problems of cost and delay in civil litiga-

1	tion, it is necessary to achieve a method of consultation
2	so that individual judicial officers, litigants, and liti-
3	gants' attorneys who have developed techniques for liti-
4	gation management and cost and delay reduction can
5	effectively and promptly communicate those techniques
6	to all participants in the civil justice system.
7	(5) Evidence suggests that an effective litigation
8	management and cost and delay reduction program
9	should incorporate several interrelated principles,
10	including—
11	(A) the differential treatment of cases that
12	provides for individualized and specific manage-
13	ment according to their needs, complexity, dura-
14	tion, and probable litigation careers;
15	(B) early involvement of a judicial officer in
16	planning the progress of a case, controlling the
17	discovery process, and scheduling hearings, trials,
18	and other litigation events;
19	(C) regular communication between a judi-
20	cial officer and attorneys during the pretrial proc-
21	ess; and
22	(D) utilization of alternative dispute resolu-
23	tion programs in appropriate cases.
24	(6) Because the increasing volume and complexity
25	of civil and criminal cases imposes increasingly heavy

1	workload burdens on judicial officers, clerks of court,
2	and other court personnel, it is necessary to create an
3	effective administrative structure to ensure ongoing
4	consultation and communication regarding effective
5	litigation management and cost and delay reduction
6	principles and techniques.
7	SEC. 103. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 28, UNITED STATES CODE.
8	(a) CIVIL JUSTICE EXPENSE AND DELAY REDUC-
9	TION PLANS.—Title 28, United States Code, is amended by
10	inserting after chapter 21 the following new chapter:
11	"CHAPTER 23—CIVIL JUSTICE EXPENSE AND
12	DELAY REDUCTION PLANS
	"Sec. "471. Requirement for a district court civil justice expense and delay reduction plan. "472. Development and implementation of a civil justice expense and delay reduction plan. "473. Content of civil justice expense and delay reduction plans. "474. Review of district court action. "475. Periodic district court assessment. "476. Enhancement of judicial accountability through information dissemination. "477. Model civil justice expense and delay reduction plan. "478. Advisory groups. "479. Information on litigation management and cost and delay reduction. "480. Training programs. "481. Automated case information. "482. Definitions.
13	"\$ 471. Requirement for a district court civil justice expense
14	and delay reduction plan
15	"There shall be implemented by each United States dis-
16	trict court, in accordance with this title, a civil justice ex-
17	pense and delay reduction plan. The plan may be a plan
18	developed by such district court or a model plan developed by

1	the Judicial Conference of the United States. The purposes of
2	each plan are to facilitate deliberate adjudication of civil
3	cases on the merits, monitor discovery, improve litigation
4	management, and ensure just, speedy, and inexpensive reso-
5	lutions of civil disputes.
6	"\$ 472. Development and implementation of a civil justice
7	expense and delay reduction plan
8	"(a) The civil justice expense and delay reduction plan
9	implemented by a district court shall be developed or selected,
10	as the case may be, after consideration of the recommenda-
11	tions of an advisory group appointed in accordance with sec-
12	tion 478 of this title.
13	"(b) The advisory group of a United States district
14	court shall submit to the court a report, which shall be made
15	available to the public and which shall include—
16	"(1) an assessment of the matters referred to in
17	subsection (c)(1);
18	"(2) the basis for its recommendation that the dis-
19	trict court develop a plan or select a model plan;
20	"(3) recommended measures, rules and programs;
21	and
22	"(4) an explanation of the manner in which the
23	recommended plan complies with section 473 of this
24	title

1	"(c)(1) In developing its recommendations, the advisory
2	group of a district court shall promptly complete a thorough
3	assessment of the state of the court's civil and criminal dock-
4	ets. In performing the assessment for a district court, the ad-
5	visory group shall—
6	"(A) determine the condition of the civil and
7	criminal dockets;
8	"(B) identify trends in case filings and in the de-
9	mands being placed on the court's resources; and
10	"(C) identify the principal causes of cost and
11	delay in civil litigation, giving consideration to such
12	potential causes as court procedures and the ways in
13	which litigants and their attorneys approach and con-
14	duct litigation.
15	"(2) In developing its recommendations, the advisory
16	group of a district court shall take into account the particular
17	needs and circumstances of the district court, litigants in
18	such court, and the litigants' attorneys.
19	"(3) The advisory group of a district court shall ensure
20	that its recommended actions include significant contribu-
21	tions to be made by the court, the litigants and the litigants'
22	attorneys toward reducing cost and delay and thereby facili-
23	tating access to the courts.
24	"(d) The chief judge of the district court shall transmit a

25 copy of the plan implemented in accordance with subsection

1	(a) and the report prepared in accordance with subsection (b)
2	of this section to—
3	"(1) the Director of the Administrative Office of
4	the United States Courts;
5	"(2) the judicial council of the circuit in which
6	the district court is located; and
7	"(3) the chief judge of each of the other United
8	States district courts located in such circuit.
9	"§ 473. Content of civil justice expense and delay reduction
10	plans
11	"(a) A civil justice expense and delay reduction plan
12	developed and implemented under this chapter shall include
13	provisions applying the following principles and guidelines of
14	litigation management and cost and delay reduction:
15	"(1) systematic, differential treatment of civil
16	cases that tailors the level of individualized and case
17	specific management to such criteria as case complex-
18	ity, the amount of time reasonably needed to prepare
19	the case for trial, and the judicial and other resources
20	required and available for the preparation and disposi-
21	tion of the case;
22	"(2) early and ongoing control of the pretrial
23	process through involvement of a judicial officer in-
24	"(A) assessing and planning the progress of
25	a case:

1	"(B) setting early, firm trial dates, such that
2	the trial is scheduled to occur within eighteen
3	months of the filing of the complaint, unless a ju-
4	dicial officer certifies that the trial cannot reason-
5	ably be held within such time because of the com-
6	plexity of the case or the number or complexity of
7	pending criminal cases;
8	"(C) controlling the extent of discovery and
9	the time for completion of discovery, and ensuring
10	compliance with appropriate requested discovery
11	in a timely fashion; and
12	"(D) setting deadlines for the filing of mo-
13	tions and target dates for the deciding of motions;
14	"(3) for all cases that the court or an individual
15	judicial officer determines are complex and any other
16	appropriate cases, careful and deliberate monitoring
17	through a discovery-case management conference or a
18	series of such conferences at which the presiding judi-
19	cial officer—
20	"(A) explores the parties' receptivity to, and
21	the propriety of, settlement or proceeding with the
22	litigation;
23	"(B) identifies or formulates the principal
24	issues in contention and, in appropriate cases,
25	provides for the staged resolution or bifurcation of

1	issues for trial consistent with Rule 42(b) of the
2	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
3	"(C) prepares a discovery schedule and plan
4	consistent with any presumptive time limits that a
5	district court may set for the completion of discov-
6	ery and with any procedures a district court may
7	develop to—
8	"(i) identify and limit the volume of
9	discovery available to avoid unnecessary or
10.	unduly burdensome or expensive discovery;
11	and
12	"(ii) phase discovery into two or more
13	stages; and
14	"(D) establishes deadlines for filing motions
15	and target dates for deciding motions;
16	"(4) encouragement of cost-effective discovery
17	through voluntary exchange of information among liti-
18	gants and their attorneys and through the use of coop-
19	erative discovery devices;
20	"(5) conservation of judicial resources by prohib-
21	iting the consideration of discovery motions unless ac-
22	companied by a certification that the moving party has
23	made a reasonable and good faith effort to reach agree-
24	ment with opposing counsel on the matters set forth in
25	the motion; and

1	"(6) authorization to refer appropriate cases to al-
2	ternative dispute resolution programs that—
3	"(A) have been designated for use in a dis-
4	trict court; or
5	"(B) the court may make available, includ-
6	ing mediation, minitrial, and summary jury trial.
7	"(b) In formulating the provisions of its civil justice
8	expense and delay reduction plan, each United States district
9	court, in consultation with an advisory group appointed
10	under section 478 of this title, shall consider adopting the
11	following litigation management and cost and delay reduc-
12	tion techniques:
13	"(1) a requirement that counsel for each party to
14	a case jointly present a discovery-case management
15	plan for the case at the initial pretrial conference, or
16	explain the reasons for their failure to do so;
17	"(2) a requirement that each party be represented
18	at each pretrial conference by an attorney who has the
19	authority to bind that party regarding all matters pre-
20	viously identified by the court for discussion at the
21	conference and all reasonably related matters;
22	"(3) a requirement that all requests for extensions
23	of deadlines for completion of discovery or for postpone-
24	ment of the trial be signed by the attorney and the
25	party making the request;

1	"(4) a neutral evaluation program for the presen-
2	tation of the legal and factual basis of a case to a neu-
3	tral court representative selected by the court at a non-
4	binding conference conducted early in the litigation;
5	"(5) a requirement that, upon notice by the court,
6	representatives of the parties with authority to bind
7	them in settlement discussions be present or available
8	by telephone during any settlement conference; and
9	"(6) such other features as the district court con-
10	siders appropriate after considering the recommenda-
11	tions of the advisory group referred to in section 472(a)
12	of this title.
13	"§ 474. Review of district court action
14	"(a)(1) The chief judges of each district court in a cir-
15	cuit and the chief judge of the court of appeals for such cir-
16	cuit shall, as a committee—
17	"(A) review each plan and report submitted pur-
18	suant to section 472(d) of this title; and
19	"(B) make such suggestions for additional actions
20	or modified actions of that district court as the commit-
21	tee considers appropriate for reducing cost and delay in
22	civil litigation in the district court.
23	"(2) The chief judge of a court of appeals and the chief
24	judge of a district court may designate another judge of such

- 1 court to perform the chief judge's responsibilities under para-
- 2 graph (1) of this subsection.
- 3 "(b) The Judicial Conference of the United States—
- 4 "(1) shall review each plan and report submitted
- 5 by a district court pursuant to section 472(d) of this
- 6 title; and
- 7 "(2) may request the district court to take addi-
- 8 tional action if the Judicial Conference determines that
- 9 such court has not adequately responded to the condi-
- 10 tions relevant to the civil and criminal dockets of the
- 11 court or to the recommendations of the district court's
- 12 advisory group.

## 13 "\$ 475. Periodic district court assessment

- 14 "After developing or selecting a civil justice expense and
- 15 delay reduction plan, each United States district court shall
- 16 assess annually the condition of the court's civil and criminal
- 17 dockets with a view to determining appropriate additional ac-
- 18 tions that may be taken by the court to reduce cost and delay
- 19 in civil litigation and to improve the litigation management
- 20 practices of the court. In performing such assessment, the
- 21 court shall consult with an advisory group appointed in ac-
- 22 cordance with section 478 of this title.

1	"\$ 476. Enhancement of judicial accountability through in-
2	formation dissemination
3	"(a) To enhance the accountability of each judicial offi-
4	cer in a district court, the Director of the Administrative
5	Office of the United States Courts shall prepare a semi-
6	annual report, available to the public, that discloses for each
7	judicial officer—
8	"(1) the number of motions that have been pend-
9	ing for more than six months and the name of each
10	case in which such motion has been pending;
11	"(2) the number of bench trials that have been
12	submitted for more than six months and the name of
13	each case in which such trials are under submission;
14	and
15	"(3) the number and names of cases that have not
16	been terminated within three years of filing.
17	"(b) To ensure uniformity of reporting, the standards
18	for categorization or characterization of judicial actions to be
19	prescribed in accordance with section 481 of this title shall
20	apply to the semiannual report prepared under subsection
21	(a).
22	"\$ 477. Model civil justice expense and delay reduction plan
23	"(a)(1) Based on the plans developed and implemented
24	by the United States district courts designated as Early Im-
25	plementation District Courts pursuant to section 103(c) of
26	the Civil Justice Reform Act of 1990 the Judicial Confer-

- 1 ence of the United States may develop one or more model
- 2 civil justice and expense delay reduction plans. Any such
- 3 model plan shall be accompanied by a report explaining the
- 4 manner in which the plan complies with section 473 of this
- 5 title.
- 6 "(2) The Director of the Federal Judicial Center and
- 7 the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States
- 8 Courts may make recommendations to the Judicial Confer-
- 9 ence regarding the development of any model civil justice ex-
- 10 pense and delay reduction plan.
- 11 "(b) The Director of the Administrative Office of the
- 12 United States Courts shall transmit to the United States dis-
- 13 trict courts and to the Committees on the Judiciary of the
- 14 Senate and the House of Representatives copies of any model
- 15 plan and accompanying report.
- 16 "§ 478. Advisory groups
- 17 "(a) Within ninety days after the date of enactment of
- 18 this chapter, the advisory group required in each United
- 19 States district court in accordance with section 472 of this
- 20 title shall be appointed by the chief judge of each district
- 21 court, after consultation with the other judges of such court.
- 22 "(b) The advisory group of a district court shall be bal-
- 23 anced and include attorneys and other persons who are repre-
- 24 sentative of major categories of litigants in such court, as
- 25 determined by the chief judge of such court.

	45
1	"(c) In no event shall any member of the advisory group
2	serve longer than four years.
3	"(d) The chief judge of a United States district court
4	may designate a reporter for each advisory group, who may
5	be compensated in accordance with guidelines established by
6	the Judicial Conference of the United States.
7	"(e) The members of an advisory group of a United
8	States district court and any person designated as a reporter
9	for such group shall be considered as independent contractors
10	of such court when in the performance of official duties of the
11	advisory group and may not, solely by reason of service on or
12	for the advisory group, be prohibited from practicing law
13	before such court.

- 14 "§ 479. Information on litigation management and cost and
- 15 delay reduction
- "(a) Within four years after the date of the enactment of
  this chapter, the Judicial Conference of the United States
  Courts shall prepare a comprehensive report on all plans received pursuant to section 472(d) of this title. The Director of
  the Federal Judicial Center and the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may make recommendations regarding such report to the Judicial Conference
  during the preparation of the report. The Judicial Conference

24 shall transmit copies of the report to the United States dis-

- 1 trict courts and to the Committees on the Judiciary of the
- 2 Senate and the House of Representatives.
- 3 "(b) The Judicial Conference of the United States shall,
- 4 on a continuing basis—
- 5 "(1) study ways to improve litigation manage-
- 6 ment and dispute resolution services in the district
- 7 courts; and
- 8 "(2) make recommendations to the district courts
- 9 on ways to improve such services.
- 10 "(c)(1) The Judicial Conference of the United States
- 11 shall prepare, periodically revise, and transmit to the United
- 12 States district courts a Manual for Litigation Management
- 13 and Cost and Delay Reduction. The Director of the Federal
- 14 Judicial Center and the Director of the Administrative Office
- 15 of the United States Courts may make recommendations re-
- 16 garding the preparation of and any subsequent revisions to
- 17 the Manual.
- 18 "(2) The Manual shall be developed after careful eval-
- 19 uation of the plans implemented under section 472 of this
- 20 title and the litigation management and cost and delay reduc-
- 21 tion demonstration programs that the Judicial Conference
- 22 shall conduct under this title.
- 23 "(3) The Manual shall contain a description and analy-
- 24 sis of the litigation management, cost and delay reduction
- 25 principles and techniques, and alternative dispute resolution

- 1 programs considered most effective by the Judicial Confer-
- 2 ence, the Director of the Federal Judicial Center, and the
- 3 Director of the Administrative Office of the United States
- 4 Courts.
- 5 "§ 480. Training programs
- 6 "The Director of the Federal Judicial Center and the
- 7 Director of the Administrative Office of the United States
- 8 Courts shall develop and conduct comprehensive education
- 9 and training programs to ensure that all judicial officers,
- 10 clerks of court, courtroom deputies and other appropriate
- 11 court personnel are thoroughly familiar with the most recent
- 12 available information and analyses about litigation manage-
- 13 ment and other techniques for reducing cost and expediting
- 14 the resolution of civil litigation. The curriculum of such
- 15 training programs shall be periodically revised to reflect such
- 16 information and analyses.
- 17 "\$ 481. Automated case information
- 18 "(a) The Director of the Administrative Office of the
- 19 United States Courts shall ensure that each United States
- 20 district court has the automated capability readily to retrieve
- 21 information about the status of each case in such court.
- 22 "(b)(1) In carrying out subsection (a), the Director
- 23 shall prescribe—
- 24 "(A) the information to be recorded in district
- 25 court automated systems; and

- 1 "(B) standards for uniform categorization or 2 characterization of judicial actions for the purpose of
- 3 recording information on judicial actions in the district
- 4 court automated systems.
- 5 "(2) The uniform standards prescribed under paragraph
- 6 (1)(B) of this subsection shall include a definition of what
- 7 constitutes a dismissal of a case and standards for measuring
- 8 the period for which a motion has been pending.
- 9 "(c) Each United States district court shall record in-
- 10 formation as prescribed pursuant to subsection (b) of this sec-
- 11 tion.
- 12 "\$ 482. Definitions
- 13 "As used in this chapter the term 'judicial officer'
- 14 means a United States district court judge or a United
- 15 States magistrate.".
- 16 (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—(1) Within three years after
- 17 the date of the enactment of this title, each United States
- 18 district court shall implement a civil justice expense and
- 19 delay reduction plan under section 471 of title 28, United
- 20 States Code, as added by subsection (a).
- 21 (2) The requirements set forth in sections 471 through
- 22 478 of title 28, United States Code, as added by subsection
- 23 (a), shall remain in effect for seven years after the date of the
- 24 enactment of this title.
- 25 (c) EARLY IMPLEMENTATION DISTRICT COURTS.—

1	and planning needs necessary for the implementation of sec-
2	tion 103(c).
3	(b) IMPLEMENTATION OF CHAPTER 23.—There is au-
4	thorized to be appropriated not more than \$5,000,000 for
5	fiscal year 1990 to implement chapter 23 of title 28, United
6	States Code.
7	(c) DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.—There is authorized
8	to be appropriated not more than \$5,000,000 for fiscal year
9	1990 to carry out the provisions of section 104.
10	TITLE II—FEDERAL JUDGESHIPS
11	SECTION 201. SHORT TITLE.
12	This title may be cited as the "Federal Judgeship Act
13	of 1990".
14	SEC. 202. CIRCUIT JUDGES FOR THE CIRCUIT COURT OF
15	APPEALS.
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall appoint, by
17	and with the advice and consent of the Senate-
18	(1) 2 additional circuit judges for the third circuit
19	court of appeals;
20	(2) 4 additional circuit judges for the fourth cir-
21	cuit court of appeals;
22	(3) 1 additional circuit judge for the fifth circuit
23	court of appeals;
24	(4) 1 additional circuit judge for the sixth circuit
25	court of appeals;

1	(5) 1 additional circuit judge for the eighth circuit
2	court of appeals; and
3	(6) 2 additional circuit judges for the tenth circuit
4	
*#	court of appeals.
5	(b) TABLES.—In order that the table contained in sec-
6	tion 44(a) of title 28, United States Code, will, with respect
7	to each judicial circuit, reflect the changes in the total
8	number of permanent circuit judgeships authorized as a
-	
9	result of subsection (a) of this section, such table is
10	amended to read as follows:
	"Circuits Number of Judges
	District of Columbia
	First
	Second
	Third
	Fourth
	Fifth
	Sixth
	Seventh 11 Eighth 17
	- J
	Ninth
	Eleventh 12
	Federal
ļ1	SEC. 203. DISTRICT JUDGES FOR THE DISTRICT COURTS.
12	(a) In GENERAL.—The President shall appoint, by
13	and with the advice and consent of the Senate-
14	(1) 1 additional district judge for the western
15	district of Arkansas;
	·
16	(2) 2 additional district judges for the northern
17	district of California;
18	(3) 5 additional district judges for the central
19	district of California;

1	(4) 1 additional district judge for the southern
2	district of California;
3	(5) 2 additional district judges for the district of
4	Connecticut;
5	(6) 2 additional district judges for the middle
6	district of Florida;
7	(7) 1 additional district judge for the northern
8	district of Florida;
9	(8) 1 additional district judge for the southern
10	district of Florida;
11	(9) 1 additional district judge for the middle
12	district of Georgia;
13	(10) 1 additional district judge for the northern
14	district of Illinois;
15	(11) 1 additional district judge for the southern
16	district of Iowa;
17	(12) 1 additional district judge for the western
18	district of Louisiana;
19	(13) 1 additional district judge for the district of
20	Maine;
21	(14) 1 additional district judge for the district of
22	Massachusetts;
23	(15) 1 additional district judge for the southern
24	district of Mississippi;

1	(16) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
2	district of Missouri;
3	(17) 1 additional district judge for the district of
4	New Hampshire;
5	(18) 3 additional district judges for the district of
6	New Jersey;
7	(19) 1 additional district judge for the district of
8	New Mexico;
9	(20) 1 additional district judge for the southern
10	district of New York;
11	(21) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
12	district of New York;
13	(22) 1 additional district judge for the middle
14	district of North Carolina;
15	(23) 1 additional district judge for the northern
16	district of Oklahoma;
17	(24) 1 additional district judge for the western
18	district of Oklahoma;
19	(25) 1 additional district judge for the district of
20	Oregon;
21	(26) 3 additional district judges for the eastern
22	district of Pennsylvania;
23	(27) 1 additional district judge for the middle
24	district of Pennsylvania;

1	(28) I additional district judge for the district of
2	South Carolina;
3	(29) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
4	district of Tennessee;
5	(30) 1 additional district judge for the western
6	district of Tennessee;
7	(31) 1 additional district judge for the northern
8	district of Texas;
9	(32) 3 additional district judges for the southern
10	district of Texas;
11	(33) 1 additional district judge for the western
12	district of Texas;
13	(34) 1 additional district judge for the district of
14	Utah;
15	(35) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
16	district of Washington;
17	(36) 1 additional district judge for the northern
18	district of West Virginia;
19	(37) 1 additional district judge for the southern
20	district of West Virginia; and
21	(38) 1 additional district judge for the district of
22	Wyoming.
23	(b) Existing Judgeships.—(1) The existing district
24	judgeships for the western district of Arkansas, the northern
25	district of Illinois, the northern district of Indiana, the dis-

- 1 trict of Massachusetts, the western district of New York, the
- 2 eastern district of North Carolina, the northern district of
- 3 Ohio, and the western district of Washington authorized by
- 4 section 202(b) of the Bankruptcy Amendments and Federal
- 5 Judgeship Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-353, 98 Stat. 347-
- 6 348) shall, as of the effective date of this title, be authorized
- 7 under section 133 of title 28, United States Code, and the
- 8 incumbents in those offices shall hold the office under section
- 9 133 of title 28, United States Code, as amended by this title.
- 10 (2)(A) The existing two district judgeships for the east-
- 11 ern and western districts of Arkansas (provided by section
- 12 133 of title 28, United States Code, as in effect on the day
- 13 before the effective date of this title) shall be district judge-
- 14 ships for the eastern district of Arkansas only, and the in-
- 15 cumbents of such judgeships shall hold the offices under sec-
- 16 tion 133 of title 28, United States Code, as amended by this
- 17 title.
- 18 (B) The existing district judgeship for the northern and
- 19 southern districts of Iowa (provided by section 133 of title
- 20 28, United States Code, as in effect on the day before the
- 21 effective date of this title) shall be a district judgeship for the
- 22 northern district of Iowa only, and the incumbent of such
- 23 judgeship shall hold the office under section 133 of title 28,
- 24 United States Code, as amended by this title.

1	(C) The existing district judgeship for the northern,
2	eastern, and western districts of Oklahoma (provided by sec-
3	tion 133 of title 28, United States Code, as in effect on the
4	day before the effective date of this title) and the occupant of
5	which has his official duty station at Oklahoma City on the
6	date of enactment of this title, shall be a district judgeship for
7	the western district of Oklahoma only, and the incumbent of
8	such judgeship shall hold the office under section 133 of title
9	28, United States Code, as amended by this title.
10	(c) TEMPORARY JUDGESHIPS.—The President shall
11	appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate-
12	(1) 1 additional district judge for the northern
13	district of Alabama;
14	(2) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
15	district of California;
16	(3) 1 additional district judge for the district of
17	Hawaii;
18	(4) 1 additional district judge for the central dis-
19	trict of Illinois;
20	(5) 1 additional district judge for the southern
21	district of Illinois;
22	(6) 1 additional district judge for the district of
23	Kansas;
24	(7) 1 additional district judge for the western
25	district of Michigan;

1	(8) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
2	district of Missouri;
3	(9) 1 additional district judge for the district of
4	Nebraska;
5	(10) 1 additional district judge for the northern
6	district of New York;
7	(11) 1 additional district judge for the northern
8	district of Ohio;
9	(12) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
10	district of Pennsylvania;
11	(13) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
12	district of Texas; and
13	(14) 1 additional district judge for the eastern
14	district of Virginia.
15	The first vacancy in the office of district judge in each of the
16	judicial districts named in this subsection, occurring five
17	years or more after the effective date of this title, shall not be
18	filled.
19	(d) TABLES.—In order that the table contained in sec-
20	tion 133 of title 28, United States Code, will, with respect to
21	each judicial district, reflect the changes in the total number
22	of permanent district judgeships authorized as a result of sub-
23	sections (a) and (b) of this section, such table is amended to
24	read as follows:
	"DISTRICTS JUDGES Alabama:

Northern .....

7

	Middle
	Southern
las	ka
1 riz	ma
1 <i>rko</i>	nsas:
	Eastern
	Western
Cali	fornia:
	Northern
	Eastern
	Central
	Southern
Colo	rado
	necticut
	ware
	rict of Columbia
Flor	,
	Northern
	Middle.
	Southern
Tem	gia:
	Northern
	Middle
	Southern
7,,,	gii
	0
llin	
uit	Northern
	Central
J:	Southern
naı	
	Northern
<b>,</b>	Southern
owo	
	Northern
_	Southern
	808
Keni	lucky:
	Eastern
	Western
	Eastern and Western
out	siana:
	Eastern
	Middle
	Western
	10
	yland
	sachusetts
Hicl	nigan:
	Eastern
	Western
<b>M</b> in	nesota
Wie.	issippi:
IL FOL	
ILL ESC	Northern

Missouri:	
Eastern	
Western	
Eastern and Western	
Montana	
Nebraska	
Nevada	
New Hampshire	
New Jersey	
New Mexico	
New York:	
Northern	
Southern	
Eastern	
Western	
North Carolina:	'
Eastern Easter	
Middle	1
Western	
North Dakota	
Ohio:	
Northern	
Southern	
Oklahoma:	
Northern	
Eastern	
Western	
Northern, Eastern, and Western	
Oregon	
Pennsylvania:	
Eastern	
Middle	
Western	
Puerto Rico	
Rhode Island	
South Carolina	
South Dakota	
Tennessee;	
Eastern	
Middle	
Western	
Texas:	
Northern	
Southern	
Eastern	
Western	
Utah	
Vermont	
Virginia:	
Eastern	
Western	
Washington:	
Eastern	
Western	
West Virginia:	

	Northern 3
	Southern
	Wisconsin:  Eastern
	Western 2
	Wyoming
1	SEC. 204. VIRGIN ISLANDS.
2	(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall appoint, by
3	and with the advice and consent of the Senate, one additional
4	judge for the District Court of the Virgin Islands, who shall
5	hold office for a term of 10 years and until a successor is
6	chosen and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President
7	for cause.
8	(b) AMENDMENT TO ORGANIC ACT.—In order to re-
9	flect the change in the total number of permanent judgeships
10	authorized as a result of subsection (a) of this section, section
11	24(a) of the Revised Organic Act of the Virgin Islands (68
12	Stat. 506; 48 U.S.C. 1614(a)) is amended by striking "two"
13	and inserting "three".
14	SEC. 205. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
15	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as
16	may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title,
17	including such sums as may be necessary to provide appro-
18	priate space and facilities for the judicial positions created by
19	this title.
20	SEC. 206. EFFECTIVE DATE.
21	This title shall take effect on the date of enactment of
22	this title.

101st CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2648

[Report No. 101-416]

## A BILL

To amend title 28, United States Code, to provide for civil justice expense and delay reduction plans, authorize additional judicial positions for the courts of appeals and district courts of the United States, and for other purposes.

AUGUST 3 (legislative day, JULY 10), 1990 Reported with an amendment